Unit1

1. Words:

characteristic n. – character n.

radium n. – radiation n.

painter n. – painting n. – paint v.

scientific a. – science n. – scientist n.

conclude v. – conclusion n.

analyse v. – analysis n. – analytical a.

infect v. – infectious a.

cholera n.

defeat v.

expert a./n.

attend v. – attendance n.

physician n. – physicist n.

expose v. – exposure n.

deadly a. – death n. – die v. – dead a.

cure v./n.

outbreak n.

challenge n./v. – challenging a.

victim n.

absorb v.

suspect n./v. – suspected, suspicious a.

enquiry n. – enquire v.

neighborhood n.

severe a. – severity n.

clue n.

pump n./v.

foresee, foresaw, foreseen v. – foreseeable a.

investigate v. – investigation n. – investigator n.

blame v./n.

pollute v. – pollutant, pollution n.

handle n./v.

germ n.

announce v. – announcer, announcement n.

certainty n. – certain a.

instruct v. – instruction n.

responsible a. – responsibility n.

construct v. – construction n.

contribute v. – contribution n.

firework n.

chart n.

creative a. – create v. – creation, creator n.

co-operative a. – co-operation n.

positive a.

revolutionary a. – revolt v. – revolution n.

movement n. – move v.

backward a./adv.

loop n.

privately adv. – private a. – privacy n.

spin, spun, spun, spinning v.

brightness n.

enthusiastic a. – enthusiasm n.

cautious a. – caution n.

reject v. – rejection n.

universe n. – universal a.

1. phrases:

**put forward 提出**

**draw a conclusion 得出结论**

**expose…to使暴露**

**be to blame 对某事负责**

**link … to 将…联系起来**

**contribute … to 捐献**

**contribute to 导致**

**apart from 除…之外 （既可以指包含其中也可以指排除在外）**

**be strict with 对…严格的**

**make sense 讲得通**

**be enthusiastic about 有热情的，感兴趣的**

**be cautious about 对某事谨慎的**

**look into 调查**

**take up 开始从事，占据**

**at times 有时**

**work on sth. 持续做某事**

**in private 私下的**

**on the basis of 以…为基础的**

**instruct sb. to do 指导某人做某事**

make sense of sth. 理解某事

in a sense 在某种程度上

be responsible for 对某事承担责任

blame sth. on sb. 归咎于某人

take the blame 对某事负责

fall victim to 成为受害者

cure sb. of a disease 治愈某人

put up 搭建，举手

put off 推迟

put out 灭火

be absorbed in 专心于某事

face the challenge 面对挑战

invade sb.’s privacy 侵犯某人的隐私

3． sentences

1. Neither its cause nor its cure was understood.

neither…nor, either…or, not only… but also, there be…等结构使用就近原则。

2. So many thousands of terrified people died every time there was an outbreak.

every time, the moment, the first time等与时间有关的名词短语或immediately, directly等副词充当连词。

3. The first suggested that cholera multiplied in the air.

John Snow suggested that the source of all the water supplies be examined.

suggest that sb./sth. +正常时态，表示暗示出。

suggest that sb. + (should) do, 表示建议。

表示建议时，从句的动作发生在主句之后。

4. A woman, who had moved away from Broad Street, liked the water from the pump so much that she had it delivered to her house every day.

have sth. + do/doing/done

使役动词后的宾语补足语的主被动由使役动词的宾语和宾补间的逻辑关系决定。

5. Only if you put the sun there did the movements of the other planets in the sky make sense.

Only his new theory could do that.

only+状语或状语从句，后面的句子要倒装；only修饰主语，句子不倒装。

6. Yet he could not tell anyone about his theory as the powerful Christian Church would have punished him for even suggesting such an idea.

对过去发生的情况进行假设，使用would(could) + have done。

7. So between 1510 and 1514 he worked on it, gradually improving his theory until he felt it was complete.

现在分词作伴随状语。